

## Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 progression map

		Being Me in My World	– Autumn 1	
Puzzle	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
overview Being Me in My World	In this Puzzle (unit), the children learn to recognise their self-worth and identify positive things about themselves and their achievements. They discuss new challenges and how to face them with appropriate positivity. The children learn about the need for rules and how these relate to rights and responsibilities. They explore choices and consequences, working collaboratively and seeing things from other people's points of view. The children learn about different feelings and the ability to recognise these feelings in themselves and others. They set up their Jigsaw Journals and establish the Jigsaw Charter.	In this Puzzle (unit), the children explore being part of a team. They talk about attitudes and actions and their effects on the whole class. The children learn about their school and its community, who all the different people are and what their roles are. They discuss democracy and link this to their own School Council, what its purpose is and how it works. The children learn about group work, the different roles people can have, how to make positive contributions, how to make collective decisions and how to deal with conflict. They also learn about considering other people's feelings. They refresh their Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.	In this Puzzle (unit), the children think and plan for the year ahead, goals they could set for themselves as well as the challenges they may face. They explore their rights and responsibilities as a member of their class, school, wider community and the country they live in. The children learn about their own behaviour and its impact on a group as well as choices, rewards, consequences and the feelings associated with each. They also learn about democracy, how it benefits the school and how they can contribute towards it. They revisit the Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.	In this Puzzle (unit), the children discuss their year ahead, they learnt to set goals and discuss their fears and worries about the future. The children learn about the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child and that these are not met for all children worldwide. They discuss their choices and actions and how these can have far-reaching effects, locally and globally. The children learn about their own behaviour and how their choices can result in rewards and consequences and how they feel about this. They explore an individual's behaviour and the impact it can have on a group. They learn talk about democracy, how it benefits the school and how they can contribute towards it. They establish the Jigsaw Charter and set up their Jigsaw Journals.
Taught knowledge	Know that the school has a shared set of values	<ul> <li>Know their place in the school community</li> <li>Know what democracy is (applied to pupil)</li> </ul>	Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community	<ul> <li>Know about children's universal rights (United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child)</li> </ul>
(Key objectives	Know why rules are needed and how these relate to choices and consequences	voice in school)	Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process	<ul> <li>Know about the lives of children in other parts of the world</li> </ul>
are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know that actions can affect others' feelings</li> <li>Know that others may hold different views</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how groups work together to reach a consensus</li> <li>Know that having a voice and democracy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the rights and responsibilities associated with being a citizen in the wider community and their country</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that personal choices can affect others locally and globally</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Understand that they are important</li> </ul>	benefits the school community	Know how to face new challenges positively	Know how to set goals for the year ahead
	Know what a personal goal is	<ul> <li>Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class</li> </ul>	Understand how to set personal goals	<ul> <li>Understand what fears and worries are</li> </ul>
	Understanding what a challenge is	<ul> <li>Know about the different roles in the school community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how an individual's behaviour can affect a group and the consequences of this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that their own choices result in different consequences and rewards</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Know that their own actions affect themselves and others</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the school community</li> </ul>
				Understand how to contribute towards the democratic process

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Make other people feel valued</li> <li>Develop compassion and empathy for others</li> <li>Be able to work collaboratively</li> <li>Recognise self-worth</li> <li>Identify personal strengths</li> <li>Be able to set a personal goal</li> <li>Recognise feelings of happiness, sadness, worry and fear in themselves and others</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify the feelings associated with being included or excluded</li> <li>Be able to take on a role in a group discussion / task and contribute to the overall outcome</li> <li>Know how to regulate my emotions</li> <li>Can make others feel cared for and welcome</li> <li>Recognise the feelings of being motivated or unmotivated</li> <li>Can make others feel valued and included</li> <li>Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter</li> <li>Be able to help friends make positive choices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empathy for people whose lives are different from their own</li> <li>Consider their own actions and the effect they have on themselves and others</li> <li>Be able to work as part of a group, listening and contributing effectively</li> <li>Be able to identify what they value most about school</li> <li>Identify hopes for the school year</li> <li>Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter</li> <li>Be able to help friends make positive choices</li> <li>Know how to regulate my emotions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know own wants and needs</li> <li>Be able to compare their life with the lives of those less fortunate</li> <li>Demonstrate empathy and understanding towards others</li> <li>Can demonstrate attributes of a positive role-model</li> <li>Can take positive action to help others</li> <li>Be able to contribute towards a group task</li> <li>Know what effective group work is</li> <li>Know how to regulate my emotions</li> <li>Be able to make others feel welcomed and valued</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Year 3 Consolidate KS1 Welcome, Valued, Achievements, Pleased, Personal Goal, Acknowledge, Affirm, Emotions, Feelings, Nightmare, Solutions, Support, Dream, Behaviour, Fairness, Group Dynamics, Team Work, View Point, Ideal School, Belong	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3 Included, Excluded, Role, Job Description, School Community, Democracy, Democratic, Decisions, Voting, Authority, Contribution, Observer, UN Convention on Rights of Child (UNCRC)	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4 Ghana, West Africa, Cocoa Plantation, Cocoa Pods, Machete, Community, Education, Wants, Needs, Maslow, Empathy, Comparison, Opportunities, Education, Empathise, Obstacles, Co-operation, Collaboration, Legal, Illegal, Lawful, Laws, Participation, Motivation, Decision	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2 Challenge, Goal, Attitude, Citizen, Views, Opinion, Collective

	Celebrating Difference- Autumn 2					
Puzzle	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
overview	In this Puzzle (unit), the children learn about families, that	In this Puzzle (unit), the children consider the concept of	In this Puzzle (unit), the children explore culture and	In this Puzzle (unit), the children discuss differences and		
Celebrating	they are all different and that sometimes they fall out with	judging people by their appearance, of first impressions	cultural differences. They link this to racism, debating what	similarities and that, for some people, being different is		
Difference	each other. The children practise methods to calm themselves down and discuss the 'Solve it together' technique. The children revisit the topic of bullying and discuss being a witness (bystander); they discover how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place. The children also talk about using problem-solving techniques in bullying situations.	and of what influences their thinking on what is normal. They explore more about bullying, including online bullying and what to do if they suspect or know that it is taking place. They discuss the pressures of being a witness and why some people choose to join in or choose to not tell anyone about what they have seen. The children share their own uniqueness and what is special about	it is and how to be aware of their own feelings towards people from different cultures. They revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name-calling. The children learn that there are direct and indirect ways of bullying as well as ways to encourage children to not using bullying behaviours. The children consider happiness regardless of material wealth and respecting other people's	difficult. The children learn about bullying and how people can have power over others in a group. They discover strategies for dealing with this as well as wider bullying issues. The children learn about people with disabilities and look at specific examples of disabled people who have amazing lives and achievements.		
	They discuss name-calling and practise choosing not to use hurtful words. They also learn about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this.	themselves. They talk about first impressions and when their own first impressions of someone have changed.	cultures.			

Taught knowledge  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do</li> <li>Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships</li> <li>Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences</li> <li>Know why families are important</li> <li>Know that everybody's family is different</li> <li>Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that some forms of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying</li> <li>Know the reasons why witnesses sometimes join in with bullying and don't tell anyone</li> <li>Know that sometimes people make assumptions about a person because of the way they look or act</li> <li>Know there are influences that can affect how we judge a person or situation</li> <li>Know what to do if they think bullying is or might be taking place</li> <li>Know that first impressions can change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know external forms of support in regard to bullying e.g. Childline</li> <li>Know that bullying can be direct and indirect</li> <li>Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable</li> <li>Know what culture means</li> <li>Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict</li> <li>Know that rumourspreading is a form of bullying online and offline</li> <li>Know how their life is different from the lives of children in the developing world</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that people can hold power over others individually or in a group</li> <li>Know that power can play a part in a bullying or conflict situation</li> <li>Know that there are different perceptions of 'being normal' and where these might come from</li> <li>Know that difference can be a source of celebration as well as conflict</li> <li>Know that being different could affect someone's life</li> <li>Know why some people choose to bully others</li> <li>Know that people with disabilities can lead amazing lives</li> </ul>
Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family</li> <li>Be able to 'problem-solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary</li> <li>Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers</li> <li>Empathise with people who are bullied</li> <li>Employ skills to support someone who is bullied</li> <li>Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments</li> <li>Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be comfortable with the way they look</li> <li>Try to accept people for who they are</li> <li>Be non-judgemental about others who are different</li> <li>Identify influences that have made them think or feel positively/negatively about a situation</li> <li>Identify feelings that a bystander might feel in a bullying situation</li> <li>Identify reasons why a bystander might join in with bullying</li> <li>Revisit the 'Solve it together' technique to practise conflict and bullying scenarios</li> <li>Identify their own uniqueness</li> <li>Identify when a first impression they had was right or wrong</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appreciate the value of happiness regardless of material wealth</li> <li>Identify their own culture and different cultures within their class community</li> <li>Identify their own attitudes about people from different faith and cultural backgrounds</li> <li>Develop respect for cultures different from their own</li> <li>Identify a range of strategies for managing their own feelings in bullying situations</li> <li>Identify some strategies to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices</li> <li>Be able to support children who are being bullied</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empathise with people who are different and be aware of my own feelings towards them</li> <li>Identify feelings associated with being excluded</li> <li>Be able to recognise when someone is exerting power negatively in a relationship</li> <li>Be able to vocalise their thoughts and feelings about prejudice and discrimination and why it happens</li> <li>Use a range of strategies when involved in a bullying situation or in situations where difference is a source of conflict</li> <li>Identify different feelings of the bully, bullied and bystanders in a bullying scenario</li> <li>Appreciate people for who they are</li> <li>Show empathy</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Year 3 Consolidate KS1 Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Feelings, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment,	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3  Character, Judgement, Surprised, Different, Appearance, Accept, Influence, Opinion, Attitude, Secret, Deliberate, On purpose, Bystander, Witness, Problem-solve, Cyber bullying, Text message, Website, Troll, Physical features, Impression, Changed	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4  Culture, Conflict, Similarity, Belong, Culture Wheel, Racism, Colour, Race, Discrimination, Ribbon, Rumour, Namecalling, Racist, Homophobic, Cyber bullying, Texting, Problem solving, Indirect, Direct, Happiness, Developing World, Celebration, Artefacts, Display, Presentation	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2  Normal, Ability, Disability, Visual impairment, Empathy, Perception, Medication, Vision, Blind, Diversity, Transgender, Gender Diversity, Courage, Fairness, Rights, Responsibilities, Power, Struggle, Imbalance, Harassment, Direct, Indirect, Argument, Recipient, Para-Olympian, Achievement, Accolade, Perseverance, Sport, Admiration, Stamina, Celebration

		Dreams and Goals –	Spring 1	
Puzzle	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
overview Dreams and Goals	In this Puzzle, the children look at examples of people who have overcome challenges to achieve success and discuss what they can learn from these stories. The children identify their own dreams and ambitions and discuss how it will feel when they achieve them. They discuss facing learning challenges and identify their own strategies for overcoming these. The children consider obstacles that might stop them from achieving their goals and how to overcome these. They reflect on their progress and successes and identify what they could do better next time.	In this Puzzle, the children consider their hopes and dreams. They discuss how it feels when dreams don't come true and how to cope with/overcome feelings of disappointment. The children discuss making new plans and setting new goals even if they have been disappointed. The class explore group work and overcoming challenges together. They reflect on their successes and the feelings associated with overcoming a challenge.	In this Puzzle, the children share their dreams and goals and how they might need money to help them achieve them. They consider jobs that people they know do, they look at the fact that some jobs pay more money than others and reflect on what types of jobs they might like to do when they are older. The children look as the similarities and differences between themselves (and their dreams and goals) and someone from a different culture.	In this Puzzle, the children share their own strengths and further stretching themselves by setting challenging and realistic goals. They discuss the learning steps they will need to take as well as talking about how to stay motivated. The children reflect on various global issues and explore places where people may be suffering or living in difficult situations; whilst doing this, they reflect on their own emotions linked to this learning. The children also discover what they think their classmates like and admire about them, as well as working on giving others praise and compliments.
Taught knowledge	Know that they are responsible for their own learning	<ul> <li>Know how to make a new plan and set new goals even if they have been disappointed</li> </ul>	Know about a range of jobs that are carried out by people I know	Know their own learning strengths
(Key objectives	<ul> <li>Know what an obstacle is and how they can hinder achievement</li> </ul>	Know how to work as part of a successful group	<ul> <li>Know the types of job they might like to do when they are older</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what their classmates like and admire about them</li> </ul>
are in bold)	Know how to take steps to overcome obstacles	Know how to share in the success of a group	<ul> <li>Know that young people from different cultures may have different dreams and goals</li> </ul>	Know a variety of problems that the world is facing
	Know what dreams and ambitions are important to them	<ul> <li>Know what their own hopes and dreams are</li> <li>Know that hopes and dreams don't always come</li> </ul>	Know that they will need money to help them to achieve some of their dreams	<ul> <li>Know some ways in which they could work with others to make the world a better place</li> <li>Know what the learning steps are they need to take</li> </ul>
	Know about specific people who have overcome difficult challenges to achieve success	<ul> <li>Know that reflecting on positive and happy experiences can help them to counteract</li> </ul>	Know that different jobs pay more money than others	<ul> <li>to achieve their goal</li> <li>Know how to set realistic and challenging goals</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Know how they can best overcome learning challenges</li> </ul>	disappointment	Know that communicating with someone from a different culture means that they can learn from them and vice years.	
	Know what their own strengths are as a learner	<ul> <li>Know how to work out the steps they need to take to achieve a goal</li> </ul>	them and vice versa	
	Know how to evaluate their own learning progress and identify how it can be better next time		<ul> <li>Know ways that they can support young people in their own culture and abroad</li> </ul>	

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Can break down a goal into small steps</li> <li>Can manage feelings of frustration linked to facing obstacles</li> <li>Imagine how it will feel when they achieve their dream/ambition</li> <li>Recognise other people's achievements in overcoming difficulties</li> <li>Recognise how other people can help them to achieve their goals</li> <li>Can share their success with others</li> <li>Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Have a positive attitude</li> <li>Can identify the feeling of disappointment</li> <li>Be able to cope with disappointment</li> <li>Can identify what resilience is</li> <li>Can identify a time when they have felt disappointed</li> <li>Can talk about their hopes and dreams and the feelings associated with these</li> <li>Help others to cope with disappointment</li> <li>Enjoy being part of a group challenge</li> <li>Can share their success with others</li> <li>Can store feelings of success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Verbalise what they would like their life to be like when they are grown up</li> <li>Appreciate the contributions made by people in different jobs</li> <li>Reflect on the differences between their own learning goals and those of someone from a different culture</li> <li>Appreciate the differences between themselves and someone from a different culture</li> <li>Understand why they are motivated to make a positive contribution to supporting others</li> <li>Appreciate the opportunities learning and education can give them</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand why it is important to stretch the boundaries of their current learning</li> <li>Be able to give praise and compliments to other people when they recognise that person's achievements</li> <li>Empathise with people who are suffering or living in difficult situations</li> <li>Set success criteria so that they know when they have achieved their goal</li> <li>Recognise the emotions they experience when they consider people in the world who are suffering or living in difficult circumstances</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2
	Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Enterprise, Design, Co-operation, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, 'Solve It Together' Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Evaluate	Hope, Determination, Resilience, Positive attitude, Disappointment, Fears, Hurts, Positive experiences, Plans, Cope, Help, Self-belief, Motivation, Commitment, Enterprise	Feeling, Money, Grown Up, Adult, Lifestyle, Job, Career, Profession, Money, Salary, Contribution, Society, Determination, Motivation, Culture, Country, Sponsorship, Communication, Support, Rallying, Team Work, Cooperation, Difference	Learning, Stretch, Personal, Realistic, Unrealistic, Success, Criteria, Learning steps, Global issue, Suffering, Concern, Hardship, Sponsorship, Empathy, Motivation, Admire, Respect, Praise, Compliment, Contribution, Recognition

Healthy Me – Spring 2				
Puzzle overview	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Healthy Me	In this Puzzle, the children learn about the importance of exercise and how it helps your body to stay healthy. They also learn about their heart and lungs, what they do and how they are very important. The children discover facts about calories, fat and sugar; they discuss what each of these are and how the amount they consume can affect their health. The children learn about different types of drugs, the ones you take to make you better, as well as other drugs. The children consider things, places and people that are dangerous and link this to strategies for keeping themselves safe.	In this Puzzle, the children look at the friendship groups that they are part of, how they are formed, how they have leaders and followers and what role they play. The children reflect on their friendships, how different people make them feel and which friends they value the most. The children also learn about smoking and its effects on health; they do the same with alcohol and then look at the reasons why people might drink or smoke. Finally, they learn about peer pressure and how to deal with it successfully.	In this Puzzle, the children investigate the risks associated with smoking and how it affects the lungs, liver and heart. Likewise, they learn about the risks associated with alcohol misuse. They are taught a range of basic first aid and emergency procedures (including the recovery position) and learn how to contact the emergency services when needed. The children investigate how body types are portrayed in the media, social media and celebrity culture. They also learn about eating disorders and people's relationships with food and how this can be linked to negative body image pressures.	In this Puzzle, the children discuss taking responsibility for their own physical and emotional health and the choices linked to this. They learn about different types of drugs a the effects these can have on people's bodies. The childrel learn about exploitation as well as gang culture and the associated risks therin. They also learn about mental health/illness and that people have different attitudes towards this. They learn to recognise the triggers for and feelings of being stressed and that there are strategies the can use when they are feeling stressed.

Taught	Know how exercise affects their bodies	Know that there are leaders and followers in groups	Know basic emergency procedures, including the recovery position	Know how to take responsibility for their own health
knowledge	Know that the amount of calories, fat and sugar that they put into their bodies will affect their health	Know the facts about smoking and its effects on health	Know the health risks of smoking	Know what it means to be emotionally well
(Key objectives are in bold)	Know that there are different types of drugs	Know the facts about alcohol and its effects on health, particularly the liver	Know how smoking tobacco affects the lungs, liver and heart	<ul> <li>Know how to make choices that benefit their own health and well-being</li> </ul>
	Know that there are things, places and people that can be dangerous	Know ways to resist when people are putting pressure on them	Know how to get help in emergency situations	Know about different types of drugs and their uses
	Know when something feels safe or unsafe	Know what they think is right and wrong	Know that the media, social media and celebrity culture	<ul> <li>Know how these different types of drugs can affect people's bodies, especially their liver and heart</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Know why their hearts and lungs are such important organs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know how different friendship groups are formed and how they fit into them</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>promotes certain body types</li> <li>Know the different roles food can play in people's</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that stress can be triggered by a range of things</li> <li>Know that being stressed can cause drug and alcohol</li> </ul>
	Know a range of strategies to keep themselves safe	Know which friends they value most	lives and know that people can develop eating problems/disorders related to body image pressure	misuse
	Know that their bodies are complex and need taking care of	<ul> <li>Know that they can take on different roles according to the situation</li> </ul>	Know some of the risks linked to misusing alcohol, including antisocial behaviour	<ul> <li>Know that some people can be exploited and made to do things that are against the law</li> </ul>
		Know some of the reasons some people start to smoke	Know what makes a healthy lifestyle	Know why some people join gangs and the risk that this can involve
		Know some of the reasons some people drink alcohol		
Social and	<ul> <li>Respect their own bodies and appreciate what they do</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify the feelings that they have about their friends and different friendship groups</li> </ul>	Respect and value their own bodies	<ul> <li>Are motivated to care for their own physical and emotional health</li> </ul>
Emotional skills	Can take responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe	Recognise negative feelings in peer pressure situations	Can reflect on their own body image and know how important it is that this is positive	<ul> <li>Suggest strategies someone could use to avoid being pressured</li> </ul>
(Key objectives are in bold)	Identify how they feel about drugs	Can identify the feelings of anxiety and fear associated with peer pressure	<ul> <li>Recognise strategies for resisting pressure</li> <li>Can identify ways to keep themselves calm in an</li> </ul>	Can use different strategies to manage stress and pressure
	<ul> <li>Can express how being anxious or scared feels</li> <li>Able to set themselves a fitness challenge</li> </ul>	Can tap into their inner strength and know-how to be assertive	<ul> <li>Can make informed decisions about whether or not they choose to smoke when they are older</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs</li> </ul>
	Recognise what it feels like to make a healthy choice	Recognise how different people and groups they interact with impact on them	Can make informed decisions about whether they choose to drink alcohol when they are older	Identify ways that someone who is being exploited could help themselves
		Identify which people they most want to be friends with	Accept and respect themselves for who they are	Recognise that people have different attitudes towards mental health/illness
			Be motivated to keep themselves healthy and happy	
Vocabulary	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Consolidate KS1	Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	Consolidate KS1 & KS2
	Oxygen, Calories/kilojoules, Heartbeat, Lungs, Heart, Fitness, Labels, Sugar, Fat, Saturated fat, Healthy, Drugs, Attitude, Anxious, Scared, Strategy, Advice, Harmful, Risk, Feelings, Complex, Appreciate, Body, Choice	Friendship, Emotions, Relationships, Friendship groups, Value, Roles, Leader, Follower, Assertive, Agree, Disagree, Smoking, Pressure, Peers, Guilt, Advice, Alcohol, Liver, Disease, Anxiety, Fear, Believe, Assertive, Opinion, Right, Wrong	Choices, Healthy behaviour, Unhealthy behaviour, Informed decision, Pressure, Media, Influence, Emergency, Procedure, Recovery position, Level-headed, Body image, Media, Social media, Celebrity, Altered, Self-respect,	Responsibility, Immunisation, Prevention, Drugs, Effects, Prescribed, Unrestricted, Over-the-counter, Restricted, Illegal, Volatile substances, 'Legal highs', Exploited, Vulnerable, Criminal, Gangs, Pressure, Strategies, Reputation, Anti-social behaviour, Crime, Mental health,

 	Emotional health, Mental illness, Symptoms, Stress,
Debate, Opinion, Fact, Motivation	Triggers, Strategies, Managing stress, Pressure

		Relationships – Su	mmer 1	
Puzzle	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Overview Relationships	In this Puzzle, children revisit family relationships and identify the different expectations and roles that exist within the family home. They identify why stereotypes can be unfair and may not be accurate, e.g. Mum is the carer, Dad goes to work. They also look at careers and why stereotypes can be unfair in this context. They learn that families should be founded on love, respect, appreciation, trust and co-operation. Children are reminded about the Solve it together technique for negotiating conflict situations and the concept of a win-win outcome is introduced.  Online relationships through gaming and apps are explored and children are introduced to some rules for staying safe online. Children also learn that they are part of a global community and they are connected to others they don't know in many ways, e.g. through global trade. They investigate the wants and needs of other children who are less fortunate and compare these with their own. Children's universal rights are also revisited.	Learning in this year group starts focussing on the emotional aspects of relationships and friendships. With this in mind, children explore jealousy and loss/ bereavement. They identify the emotions associated with these relationship changes, the possible reasons for the change and strategies for coping with the change. The children learn that change is a natural in relationships and they will experience (or may have already experienced) some of these changes. Children revisit skills of negotiation particularly to help manage a change in a relationship. They also learn that sometimes it is better if relationships end, especially if they are causing negative feelings or they are unsafe. Children are taught that relationship endings can be amicable.	Children learn about the importance of self-esteem and ways this can be boosted. This is important in an online context as well as offline, as mental health can be damaged by excessive comparison with others. This leads onto a series of lessons that allow the children to investigate and reflect upon a variety of positive and negative online/social media contexts including gaming and social networking. They learn about age-limits and also age-appropriateness. Within these lessons, children are taught the SMARRT internet safety rules and they apply these in different situations. Risk, pressure and influences are revisited with a focus on the physical and emotional aspects of identifying when something online or in social media feels uncomfortable or unsafe. Children are taught about grooming and how people online can pretend to be whoever they want. Rights, responsibilities and respect are revisited with an angle on technology use. Screen time is also discussed and children find ways to reduce their own screen time. This Puzzle aims to help children to be more discerning when viewing anything online or on social media.	In this Puzzle, the children learn more about mental health and how to take care of their own mental well-being. They explore the grief cycle and its various stages, and discuss the different causes of grief and loss. The children learn about people who can try to control them or have power over them. They investigate online safety, learning how to judge if something is safe and helpful, as well as talking about communicating with friends and family in a positive and safe way.
Taught knowledge	<ul> <li>Know that different family members carry out different roles or have different responsibilities within the family</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know some reasons why people feel jealousy</li> <li>Know that loss is a normal part of relationships</li> </ul>	Know that there are rights and responsibilities in an online community or social network	Know that it is important to take care of their own mental health
(Key objectives	<ul> <li>Know some of the skills of friendship, e.g. taking turns, being a good listener</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that negative feelings are a normal part of loss</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that there are rights and responsibilities when playing a game online</li> </ul>	Know ways that they can take care of their own mental health
are in bold)	Know some strategies for keeping themselves safe online	<ul> <li>Know that sometimes it is better for a friendship/relationship to end if it is causing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that too much screen time isn't healthy</li> <li>Know how to stay safe when using technology to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the stages of grief and that there are different types of loss that cause people to grieve</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Know that they and all children have rights (UNCRC)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>negative feelings or is unsafe</li> <li>Know that jealousy can be damaging to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>communicate with friends</li> <li>Know that a personality is made up of many</li> </ul>	Know that sometimes people can try to gain power or control them
	<ul> <li>Know that gender stereotypes can be unfair, e.g.</li> <li>Mum is always the carer, Dad always goes to work etc</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that jealousy can be damaging to relationships</li> <li>Know that memories can support us when we lose a special person or animal</li> </ul>	Know that a personality is made up of many different characteristics, qualities and attributes      Know that belonging to an online community can have positive and negative consequences	<ul> <li>Know some of the dangers of being 'online'</li> <li>Know how to use technology safely and positively to communicate with their friends and family</li> </ul>
	Know how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence my life			
	<ul> <li>Know the lives of children around the world can be different from their own</li> </ul>			

Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Can identify the responsibilities they have within their family</li> <li>Know how to access help if they are concerned about anything on social media or the internet</li> <li>Can empathise with people from other countries who may not have a fair job or are less fortunate</li> <li>Understand that they are connected to the global community in many different ways</li> <li>Can use Solve it together in a conflict scenario and find a win-win outcome</li> <li>Can identify similarities in children's rights around the world</li> <li>Can identify their own wants and needs and how these may be similar or different from other children in school and the global community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify feelings and emotions that accompany jealousy</li> <li>Can suggest positive strategies for managing jealousy</li> <li>Can identify people who are special to them and express why</li> <li>Can identify the feelings and emotions that accompany loss</li> <li>Can suggest strategies for managing loss</li> <li>Can tell you about someone they no longer see</li> <li>Can suggest ways to manage relationship changes including how to negotiate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can suggest strategies for building self-esteem of themselves and others</li> <li>Can identify when an online community/social media group feels risky, uncomfortable, or unsafe</li> <li>Can suggest strategies for staying safe online/social media</li> <li>Can say how to report unsafe online/social network activity</li> <li>Can identify when an online game is safe or unsafe</li> <li>Can suggest ways to monitor and reduce screen time</li> <li>Can suggest strategies for managing unhelpful pressures online or in social networks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise that people can get problems with their mental health and that it is nothing to be ashamed of</li> <li>Can help themselves and others when worried about a mental health problem</li> <li>Recognise when they are feeling grief and have strategies to manage them</li> <li>Demonstrate ways they could stand up for themselves and their friends in situations where others are trying to gain power or control</li> <li>Can resist pressure to do something online that might hurt themselves or others</li> <li>Can take responsibility for their own safety and well-being</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Year 3 Consolidate KS1  Men, Women, Unisex, Male, Female, Stereotype, Career, Job, Role, Responsibilities, Respect, Differences, Similarities, Conflict, Win-win, Solution, Solve-it-together, Problem- solve, Internet, Social media, Online, Risky, Gaming, Safe, Unsafe, Private messaging (pm), Direct messaging (dm), Global, Communication, Fair trade, Inequality, Food journey, Climate, Transport, Exploitation, Rights, Needs, Wants, Justice, United Nations, Equality, Deprivation, Hardship, Appreciation, Gratitude	Year 4 Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3  Relationship, Close, Jealousy, Emotions, Positive, Negative, Loss, Shock, Disbelief, Numb, Denial, Guilt, Sadness, Pain, Despair, Hope, Souvenir, Memento, Memorial, Acceptance, Relief, Remember, Negotiate, Compromise, Loyal, Empathy, Betrayal, Amicable, Love.	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4  Personal attributes, Qualities, Characteristics, Self-esteem, Unique, Comparison, Negative self-talk, Social media, Online, Community, Positive, Negative, Safe, Unsafe, Rights, Social network, Violence, Grooming, Troll, Gambling, Betting, Trustworthy, Appropriate, Screen time, Physical health, Mental health, Off-line, Social, Peer pressure, Influences, Personal information, Passwords, Privacy, Settings, Profile, SMARRT rules	Year 6 Consolidate KS1 & KS2  Mental health, Ashamed, Stigma, Stress, Anxiety, Support, Worried, Signs, Warning, Self-harm, Emotions, Feelings, Sadness, Loss, Grief, Denial, Despair, Guilt, Shock, Hopelessness, Anger, Bereavement, Coping strategies, Power, Control, Authority, Bullying, Script, Assertive, Risks, Pressure, Influences, Self-control, Real/fake, True/untrue, Assertiveness, Judgement, Communication, Technology, Power, Cyber-bullying, Abuse, Safety

	Changing Me – Summer 2					
Puzzle	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Overview Changing Me	This Puzzle begins learning about babies and what they need to grow and develop including parenting. Children are taught that it is usually the female that carries the baby in nature. This leads onto lessons where puberty is introduced. Children first look at the outside body changes in males and females. They learn that puberty is a natural part of growing up and that it is a process for getting their bodies ready to make a baby when grown-up. Inside body changes are also taught. Children learn that females have eggs (ova) in their ovaries and these are released monthly. If unfertilised by a male's sperm, it passes out of the body as a	In this Puzzle, bodily changes at puberty are revisited with some additional vocabulary, particularly around menstruation. Sanitary health is taught, including introducing pupils to different sanitary and personal hygiene products. Conception and sexual intercourse are introduced in simple terms so the children understand that a baby is formed by the joining of an ovum and sperm. They also learn that the ovum and sperm carry genetic information that carry personal characteristics. The Puzzle ends by looking at the	In this Puzzle, the children revisit self-esteem, self-image and body image. They learn that we all have perceptions about ourselves and others, and these may be right or wrong. They also reflect on how social media and the media can promote unhelpful comparison and how to manage this. Puberty is revisited in further detail, explaining bodily changes in males and females. Sexual intercourse is explained in slightly more detail than in the previous year. Children are encouraged to ask questions and seek clarification about anything they don't understand. Further details about pregnancy are introduced	In this Puzzle, the children learn about puberty in boys and girls and the changes that will happen; they reflect on how they feel about these changes. The children also learn about childbirth and the stages of development of a baby, starting at conception. They explore what it means to be being physically attracted to someone and the effect this can have upon the relationship. They learn about different relationships and the importance of mutual respect and not pressuring/being pressured into doing something that they don't want to. The children also learn about self-esteem,		
	period. Sexual intercourse and the birth of the baby are not taught in this year group. Children discuss how they feel about puberty and growing up and there are opportunities for them to seek reassurance if anything is worrying them.	feelings associated with change and how to manage these. Children are introduced to Jigsaw's Circle of change model as a strategy for managing future changes.	including some facts about the development of the foetus and some simple explanation about alternative ways of conception, e.g. IVF. Children learn that having a baby is a personal choice. Details of contraceptive options and methods are not taught as this is not age-appropriate. Reasons why people choose to be in a romantic relationship and choose to	why it is important and ways to develop it. Finally, they look at the transition to secondary school (or next class) and what they are looking forward to/are worried about and how they can prepare themselves mentally.		

Taught knowledge  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Know that the male and female body needs to change at puberty so their bodies can make babies when they are adults</li> <li>Know some of the outside body changes that happen during puberty</li> <li>Know some of the changes on the inside that happen during puberty</li> <li>Know that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up</li> <li>Know that in nature it is usually the female that carries the baby</li> <li>Know that in humans a mother carries the baby in her uterus (womb) and this is where it develops</li> <li>Know that babies need love and care from their parents/carers</li> <li>Know some of the changes that happen between being a baby and a child</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that personal characteristics are inherited from birth parents and this is brought about by an ovum joining with a sperm</li> <li>Know that babies are made by a sperm joining with an ovum</li> <li>Know the names of the different internal and external body parts that are needed to make a baby</li> <li>Know how the female and male body change at puberty</li> <li>Know that change can bring about a range of different emotions</li> <li>Know that personal hygiene is important during puberty and as an adult</li> <li>Know that change is a normal part of life and that some cannot be controlled and have to be accepted</li> </ul>	have a baby are also explored. Children look at what becoming a teenager means for them with an increase in freedom, rights and responsibilities. They also consider the perceptions that surround teenagers and reflect whether they are always accurate, e.g. teenagers are always moody; all teenagers have a boyfriend/girlfriend, etc.  • Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally  • Know that sexual intercourse can lead to conception  • Know that some people need help to conceive and might use IVF  • Know that becoming a teenager involves various changes and also brings growing responsibility  • Know what perception means and that perceptions can be right or wrong	<ul> <li>Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after themselves physically and emotionally</li> <li>Know how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy and how it is born</li> <li>Know how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship</li> <li>Know the importance of self-esteem and what they can do to develop it</li> <li>Know what they are looking forward to and what they are worried about when thinking about transition to secondary school/moving to their next class</li> </ul>
Social and Emotional skills  (Key objectives are in bold)	<ul> <li>Can express how they feel about puberty</li> <li>Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they have any worries</li> <li>Can suggest ways to help them manage feelings during changes they are more anxious about</li> <li>Can identify stereotypical family roles and challenge these ideas, e.g. it may not always be Mum who does the laundry</li> <li>Can express how they feel about babies</li> <li>Can describe the emotions that a new baby can bring to a family</li> <li>Can identify changes they are looking forward to in the next year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can appreciate their own uniqueness and that of others</li> <li>Can express any concerns they have about puberty</li> <li>Have strategies for managing the emotions relating to change</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having children when they are grown up</li> <li>Can say who they can talk to about puberty if they are worried</li> <li>Can apply the circle of change model to themselves to have strategies for managing change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self-image and body image</li> <li>Can suggest ways to boost self-esteem of self and others</li> <li>Recognise that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for them</li> <li>Can ask questions about puberty to seek clarification</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having a romantic relationship when they are an adult</li> <li>Can express how they feel about having children when they are an adult</li> <li>Can express how they feel about becoming a teenager</li> <li>Can say who they can talk to if concerned about puberty or becoming a teenager/adult</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise ways they can develop their own selfesteem</li> <li>Can express how they feel about the changes that will happen to them during puberty</li> <li>Understand that mutual respect is essential in a boyfriend/girlfriend relationship and that they shouldn't feel pressured into doing something that they don't want to</li> <li>Recognise how they feel when they reflect on the development and birth of a baby</li> <li>Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self-image and body image</li> <li>Use strategies to prepare themselves emotionally for the transition (changes) to secondary school</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Year 3 Consolidate KS1	<b>Year 4</b> Consolidate KS1 & Yr 3	Year 5 Consolidate KS1, Yrs 3 & 4	<b>Year 6</b> Consolidate KS1 & KS2

Birth, Animals, Babies, Mother, Grow, Uterus, Womb, Nutrients, Survive, Love, Affection, Care, Puberty, Sperm, Ovaries, Egg, Ovum/ova, Womb/uterus, Stereotypes, Task, Roles, Challenge	Personal, Unique, Characteristics, Parents, Making love, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Fertilise, Conception, Menstruation, Periods, Circle, Seasons, Change, Control, Emotions, Acceptance	Body image, Self-image, Looks, Personality, Perception, Self-esteem, Affirmation, Comparison, Oestrogen, Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops, Breasts, Hips, Adam's Apple, Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader, Wider, Semen, Erection, Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream, Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair, Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum, Testosterone, Circumcised, Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis, Fertilised, Unfertilised, Conception, Sexual intercourse, Embryo, Umbilical cord, IVF, Foetus, Contraception, Pregnancy, Sanitary products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner, Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal, Laws, Responsible, Teenager, Responsibilities, Rights	Negative body-talk, mental health, midwife, labour, opportunities, freedoms, attraction, relationship, love, sexting, transition, secondary, journey, worries, anxiety, excitement
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SMSC Links: Every Jigsaw lesson from Early Years to upper primary offers opportunities for children's spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development, and this is clearly mapped and balanced across each year group. Likewise, Jigsaw is designed to provide structured opportunities in every lesson to practise and enhance the five skills associated with the emotional literacy (self-awareness, social skills, empathy, motivation and managing feelings). At Jigsaw, we believe that these opportunities are vital for children's development, their understanding of themselves and others and in increasing their capacity to learn.

**British Values**: Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 supports the **British Values** of Democracy, Rule of Law, Individual Liberty, Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs. It has been mapped lesson by lesson against the British Values agenda.